THE EPILEPSIES—Continued

	Rating
Rate under the general rating formula for minor	
seizures.	
NOTE (1): A major seizure is characterized by the generalized tonic-clonic convulsion with unconsciousness.	
NOTE (2): A minor seizure consists of a brief interruption in consciousness or conscious	
control associated with staring or rhythmic	
blinking of the eyes or nodding of the head	
("pure" petit mal), or sudden jerking move- ments of the arms, trunk, or head (myoclonic	
type) or sudden loss of postural control	
(akinetic type).	
General Rating Formula for Major and Minor Ep-	
ileptic Seizures:	
Averaging at least 1 major seizure per	
month over the last year	100
Averaging at least 1 major seizure in 3 months over the last year; or more than	
10 minor seizures weekly	80
Averaging at least 1 major seizure in 4	
months over the last year; or 9-10 minor	
seizures per week	60
At least 1 major seizure in the last 6 months or 2 in the last year; or averaging at least	
5 to 8 minor seizures weekly	40
At least 1 major seizure in the last 2 years;	
or at least 2 minor seizures in the last 6	
months	20
A confirmed diagnosis of epilepsy with a	40
history of seizures	10
necessary for the control of epilepsy, the min-	
imum evaluation will be 10 percent. This rat-	
ing will not be combined with any other rating	
for epilepsy.	

NOTE (2): In the presence of major and minor seizures, rate the predominating type

NOTE (3): There will be no distinction between diurnal and nocturnal major seizures

8912 Epilepsy, Jacksonian and focal motor or sen-

8913 Epilepsy, diencephalic.

Rate as minor seizures, except in the presence of major and minor seizures, rate the predominating type.

8914 Epilepsy, psychomotor.

Major seizures:

Psychomotor seizures will be rated as major seizures under the general rating formula when characterized by automatic states and/or generalized convulsions with unconsciousness.

Psychomotor seizures will be rated as minor seizures under the general rating formula when characterized by brief transient episodes of random motor movements, hal-lucinations, perceptual illusions, abnor-malities of thinking, memory or mood, or autonomic disturbances.

Mental Disorders in Epilepsies: A nonpsychotic organic Mental Disorders in Epilepsies: A nonpsychotic organic brain syndrome will be rated separately under the appropriate diagnostic code (e.g., 9304 or 9307). In the absence of a diagnostic ropersychotic organic psychiatric disturbance (psychotic, psychoneurotic or personality disorder) if diagnosed and shown to be secondary to or directly associated with epilepsy will be rated separately. The psychotic or psychroneurotic disorder will be rated under the appropriate diagnostic code. The personality disorder will be rated as a diagnostic code. The personality disorder will be rated as a dementia (e.g., diagnostic code 9304 or 9307). Epilepsy and Unemployability: (1) Rating specialists must bear in mind that the epileptic, although his or her seizures are controlled, may find employment and rehabilitation difficult of attainment due to employer reluctance to the hiring of the

of attainment due to eniployer relacance to the immig of mepileptic.

(2) Where a case is encountered with a definite history of unemployment, full and complete development should be undertaken to ascertain whether the epilepsy is the determining factor in his or her inability to obtain employment.

(3) The assent of the claimant should first be obtained for

(3) The assert of the challful should his be obtained by permission to conduct this economic and social survey. The purpose of this survey is to secure all the relevant facts and data necessary to permit of a true judgment as to the reason for his or her unemployment and should include information

as to:

(a) Education;
(b) Occupations prior and subsequent to service;
(c) Places of employment and reasons for termination;
(d) Wages received;
(e) Number of seizures.
(4) Upon completion of this survey and current examination, the case should have rating board consideration. Where in the judgment of the rating board the veteran's unemployability is due to epilepsy and jurisdiction is not vested in that body by reason of schedular evaluations, the case should be submitted to the Director, Compensation and Pension Service.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155) 80

> [29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 40 FR 42540, Sept. 15, 1975; 41 FR 11302, Mar. 18, 1976; 43 FR 45362, Oct. 2, 1978; 54 FR 4282, Jan. 30, 1989; 54 FR 49755, Dec. 1, 1989; 55 FR 154, Jan. 3, 1990; 56 FR 51653, Oct. 15, 1991; 57 FR 24364, June 9, 1992]

> > MENTAL DISORDERS

§ 4.125 Diagnosis of mental disorders.

(a) If the diagnosis of a mental disorder does not conform to DSM-IV or is not supported by the findings on the examination report, the rating agency shall return the report to the examiner to substantiate the diagnosis.

(b) If the diagnosis of a mental disorder is changed, the rating agency shall determine whether the new diagnosis represents progression of the prior diagnosis, correction of an error in the prior diagnosis, or development of a new and separate condition. If it is not clear from the available records what the change of diagnosis represents, the rating agency shall return the report to the examiner for a determination.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155) [61 FR 52700, Oct. 8, 1996]

§4.126 Evaluation of disability from mental disorders.

(a) When evaluating a mental disorder, the rating agency shall consider the frequency, severity, and duration of psychiatric symptoms, the length of remissions, and the veteran's capacity for adjustment during periods of remission. The rating agency shall assign an